Below are the notes which we took 11/5/15 on Parts of Speech. If absent, please copy these into copy book or loose leaf sheet of paper and bring in on Sunday. (You only need to write what is in black, red is my explanation and you don't need to write!)

Parts of Speech

Parts of Speech are the labels we use to organize our words. Each word does a different job in a sentence, and we need to know them in order to be better readers and writers.

- 1. Nouns: person, place, thing, or idea.
 - a. Example: Ms. Merry, Global Paradigm School, book, happiness

Why do you think that some of our nouns are capitalized, while others are not? That is because some nouns are different from others, and they are called...

- 2. Proper Nouns: nouns that name a specific person or place
 - a. Example: Ms. Merry, Global Paradigm School, Big Nate, Egypt, Natal

There are also words we use to describe nouns. These are called...

- 3. Adjectives: describes a noun
 - a. Example: Ms. Merry is **silly**. Silly is describing Ms. Merry, the noun.
 - b. Example: The wonderful school. Wonderful is describing school, the noun.

Then we have the words that describe our adjectives! They also help us describe verbs, and they are called...

- 4. Adverbs: modify (or change) an adjective, verb, or another adverb. They tell the degree, manner, place, or time.
 - a. Example: Ms. Merry is silly. (How silly is she?) Ms. Merry is <u>very</u> silly. –the adverb very tells us more about the adjective.
 - b. Other examples: really, totally, truly

When the adverb modifies a verb, it usually ends in –ly.

c. Example: quickly, slowly, happily, sadly, prettily, smartly.

So that is our beginning of reviewing parts of speech. We will talk about verbs next time!